SR 15 SECTION 088 CSVT SOUTHERN SECTION



PUBLIC MEETING FEBRUARY 15, 2017





AGENDA

- > WELCOME
- MEETING PURPOSE
- CSVT NORTHERN SECTION UPDATE
- CSVT SOUTHERN SECTION OVERVIEW & STATUS
- MINOR DESIGN CHANGES
- ENGINEERING CHALLENGES
- > NEXT STEPS
- QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS
- OPEN HOUSE







MEETING PURPOSE

- Provide updates
 - Minor design changes
 - Unexpected engineering challenges
 - 1. Acid bearing rock: special attention needed straightforward to address
 - 2. Fly ash waste basins: more complex requires larger changes
- > Solicit input to consider as alternatives are developed to overcome engineering challenges

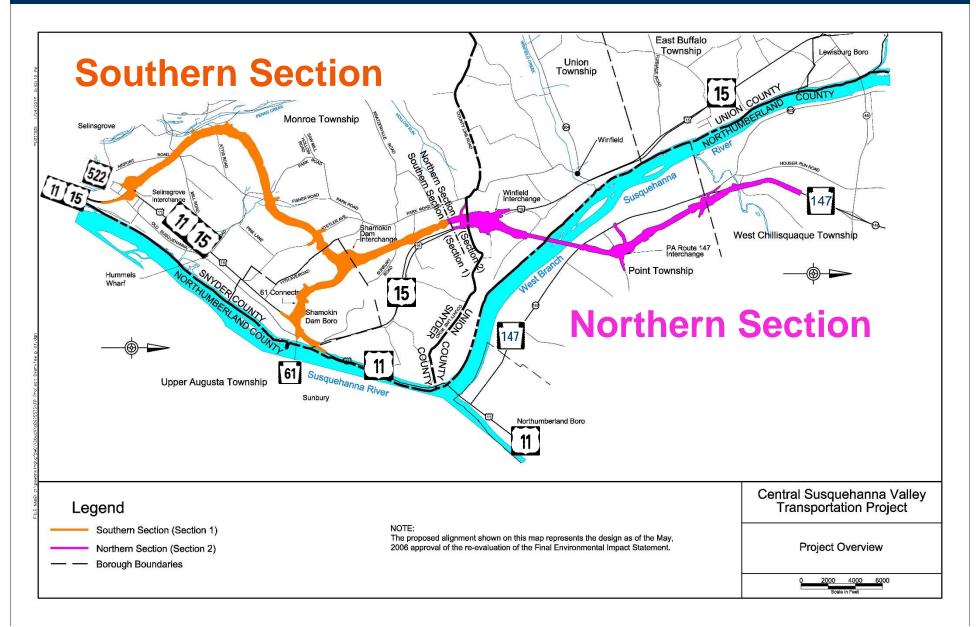








Valley CSVT SOUTHERN SECTION





NORTHERN SECTION STATUS

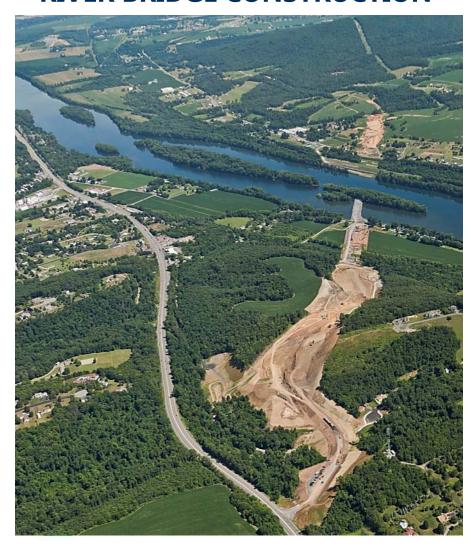
- ➤ 1st Contract River Bridge
 - Awarded October 2015 Trumbull Corporation \$156 million
 - Work began January 2016 30% complete
- > 2nd Contract Earthwork/Structures north of river
 - Awarded October 2016 Trumbull Corporation \$61 million
 - Work began November 2016
- > 3rd Contract Earthwork/Structures south of river (US 15 Interchange)
 - Anticipated bid opening March 2017
- ➤ 4th Contract Paving
 - Anticipated bid opening 2020
- Overall anticipated completion 2021



STATION #2



RIVER BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION



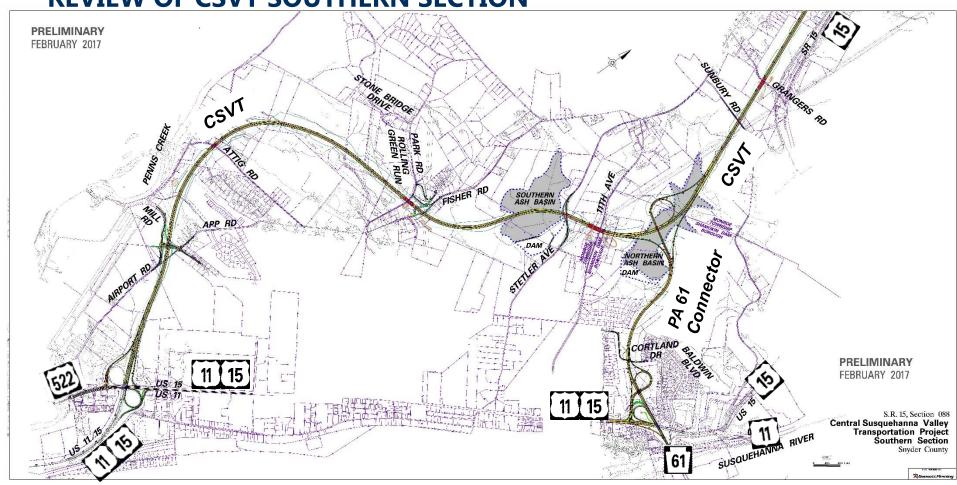




STATION #2



REVIEW OF CSVT SOUTHERN SECTION









PROJECT STATUS

Survey and geotech fieldwork largely completed

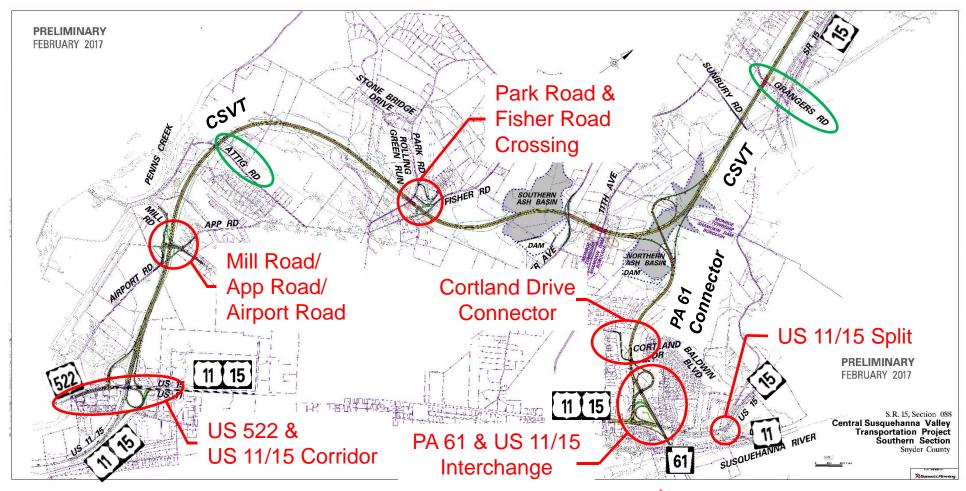


- Alignment study minor design changes mostly completed
 - Some coordination with municipalities is ongoing.
- Engineering challenges must be resolved to advance design, right-of-way acquisition, utility relocations and permitting















LEGEND



EXISTING ROADWAY REMOVAL



PROPOSED ROADWAY



BRIDGE WORK



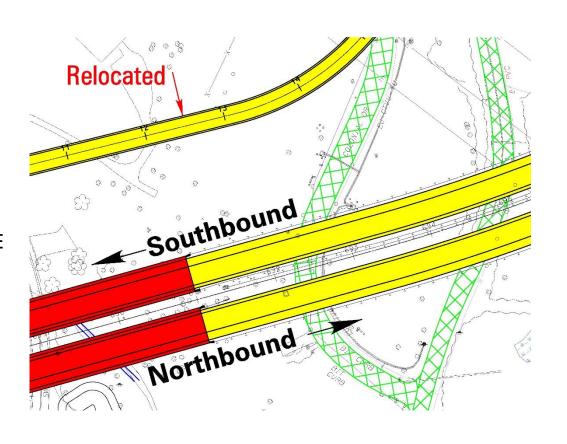
PROPOSED STRUCTURE



PROPOSED SIGNAL



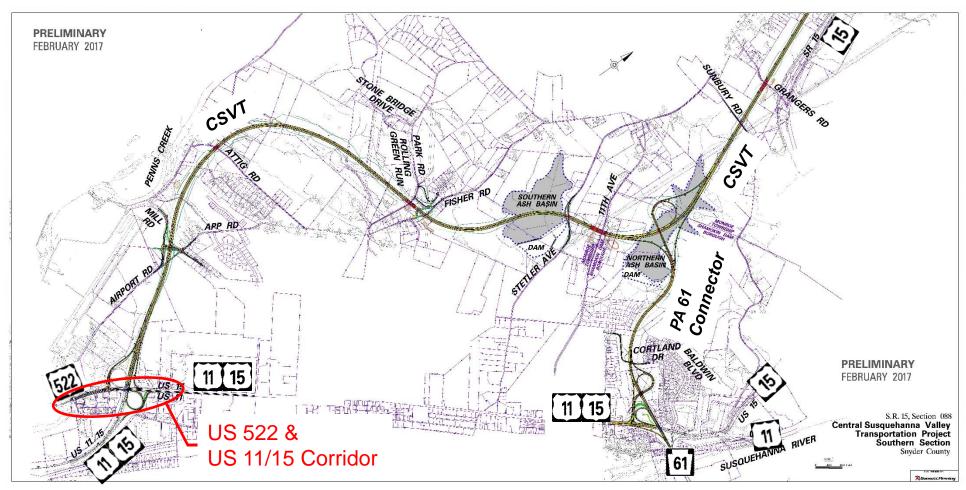
EXISTING SIGNAL







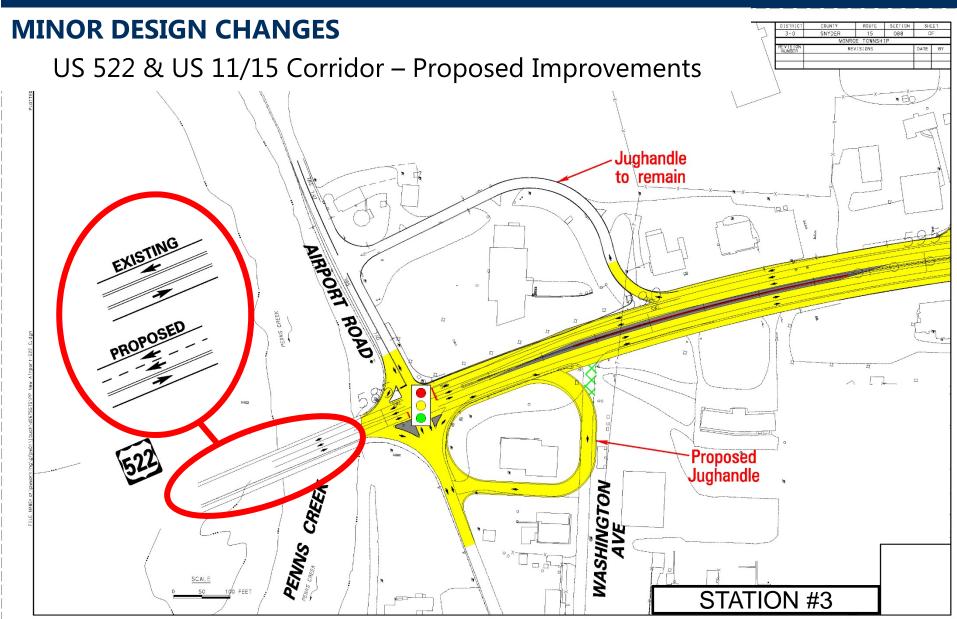




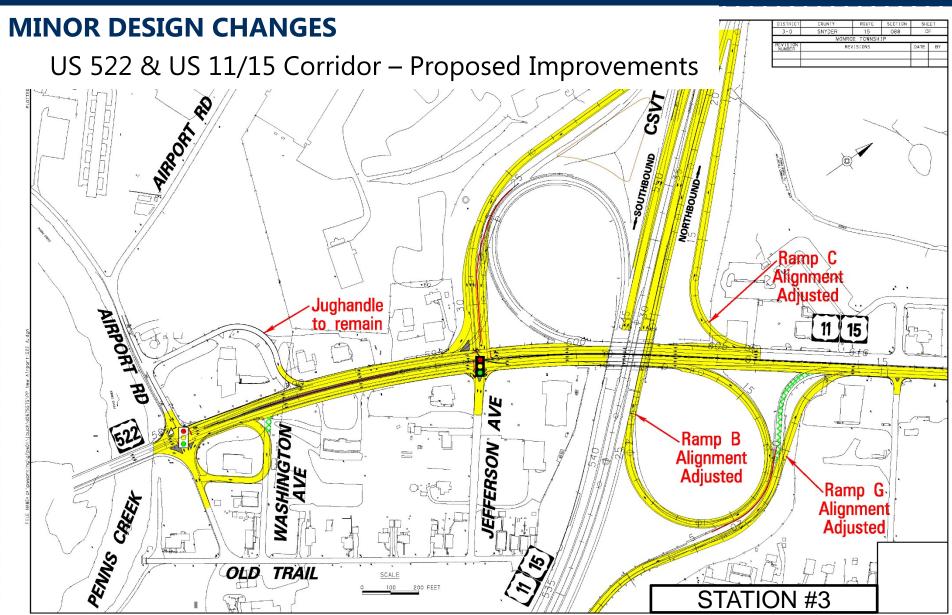




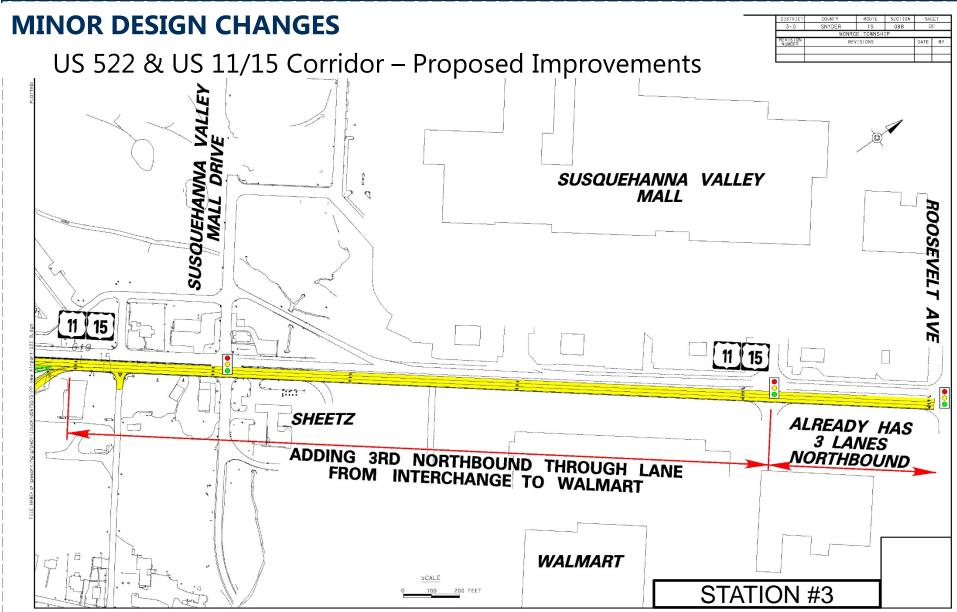




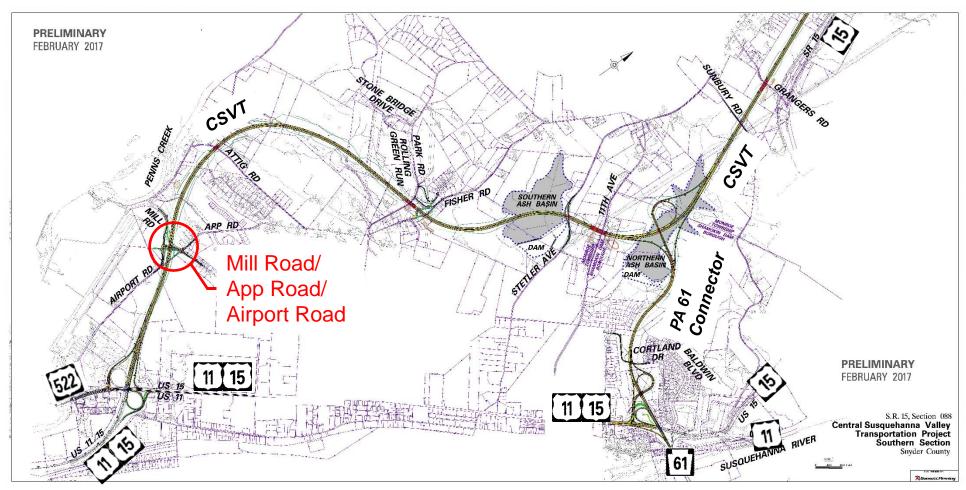








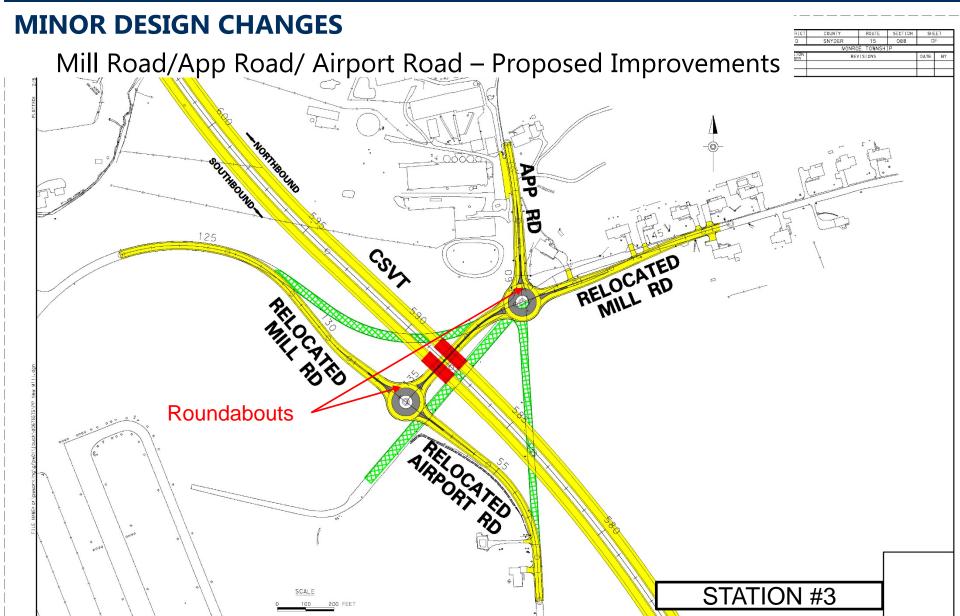




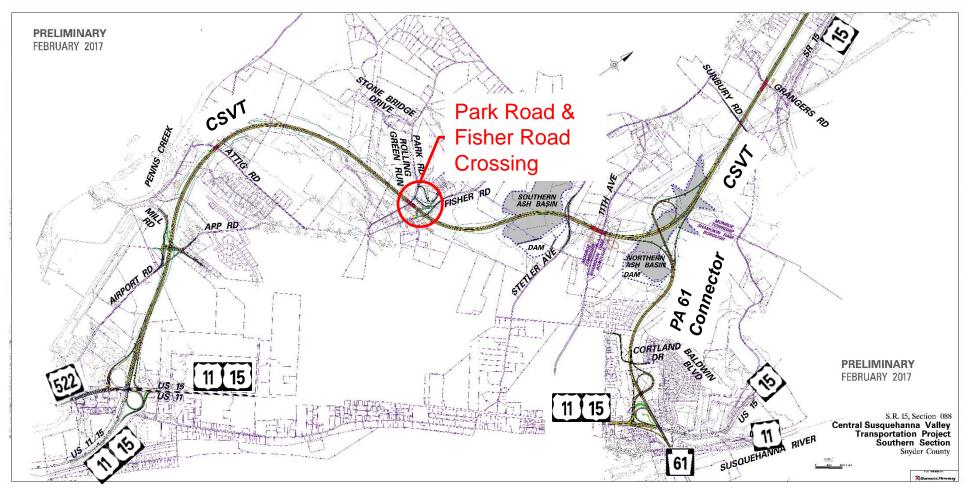








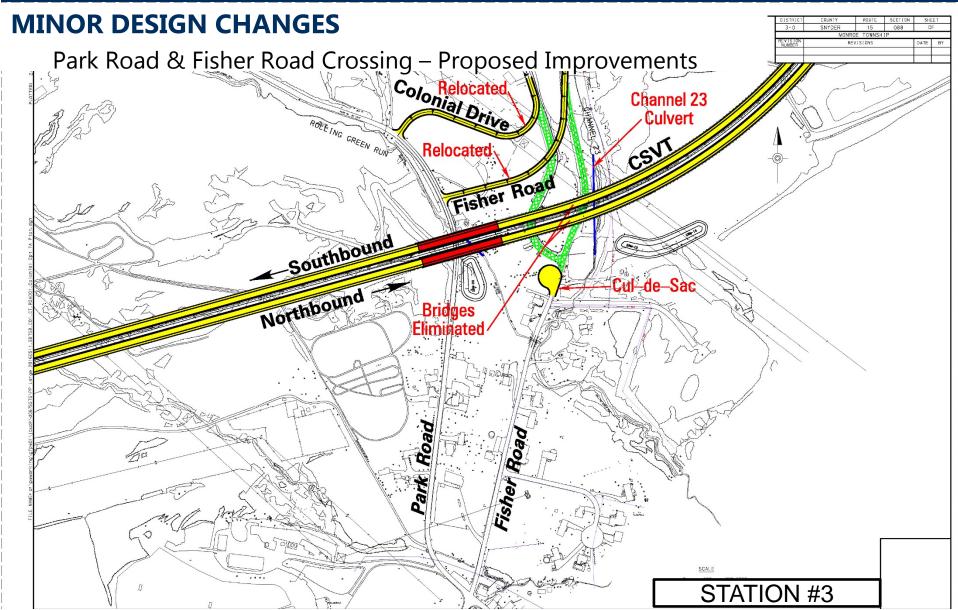




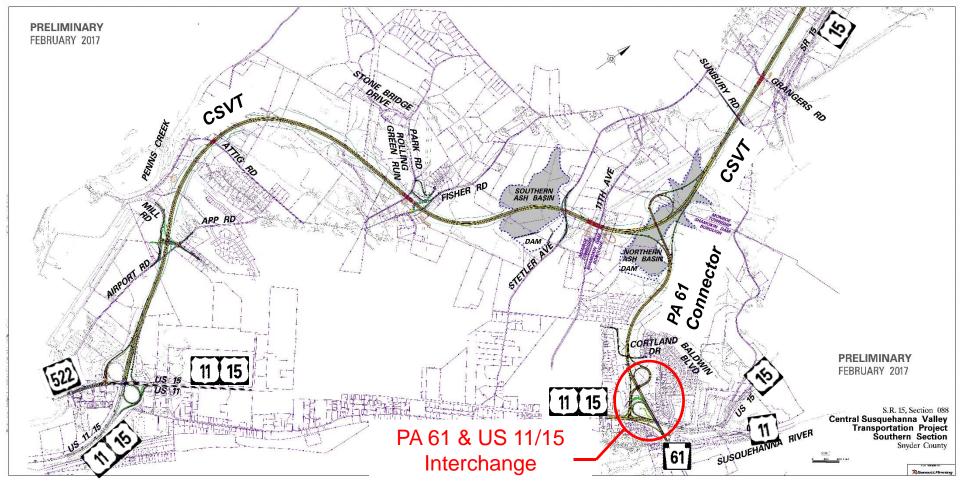










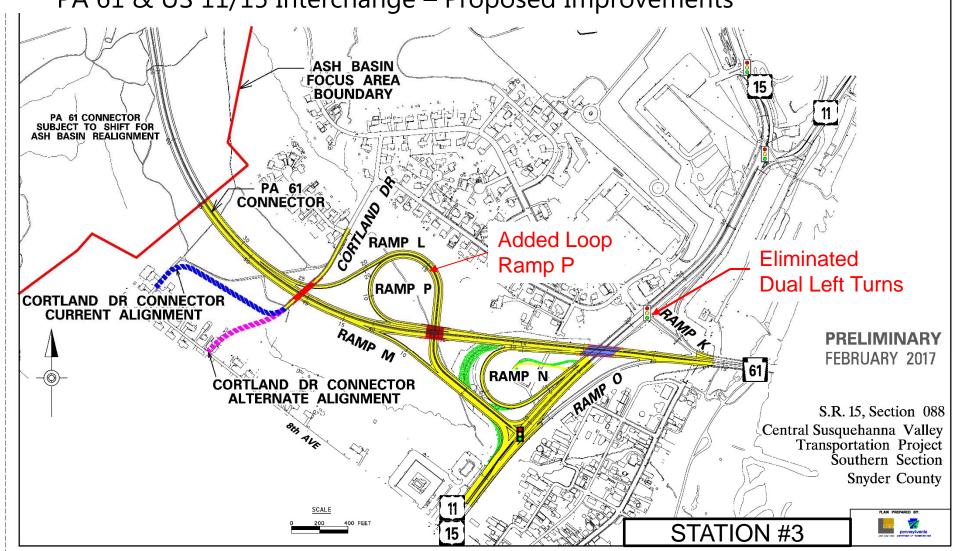




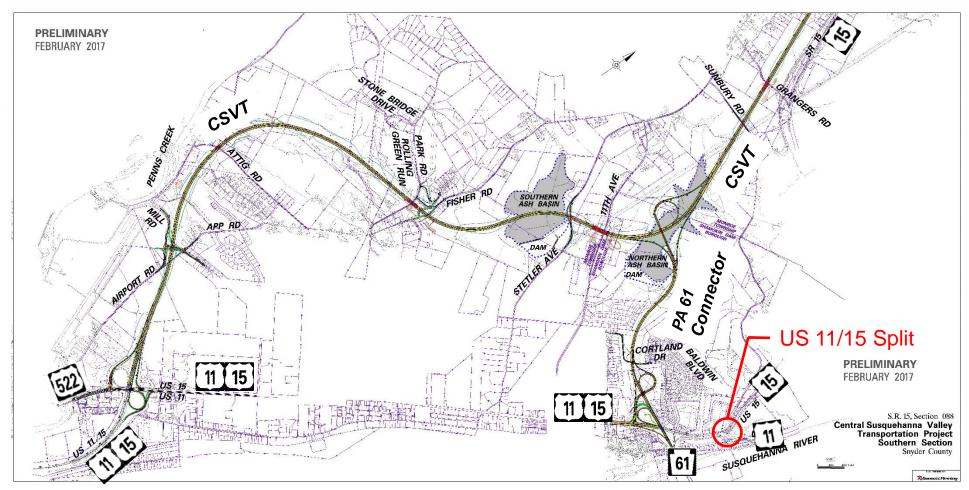




PA 61 & US 11/15 Interchange – Proposed Improvements



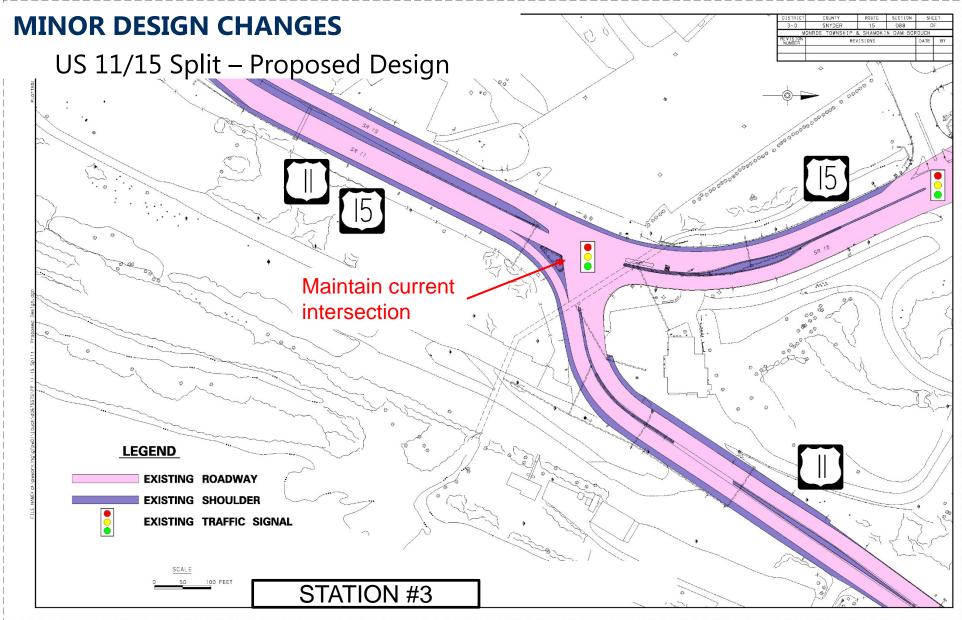




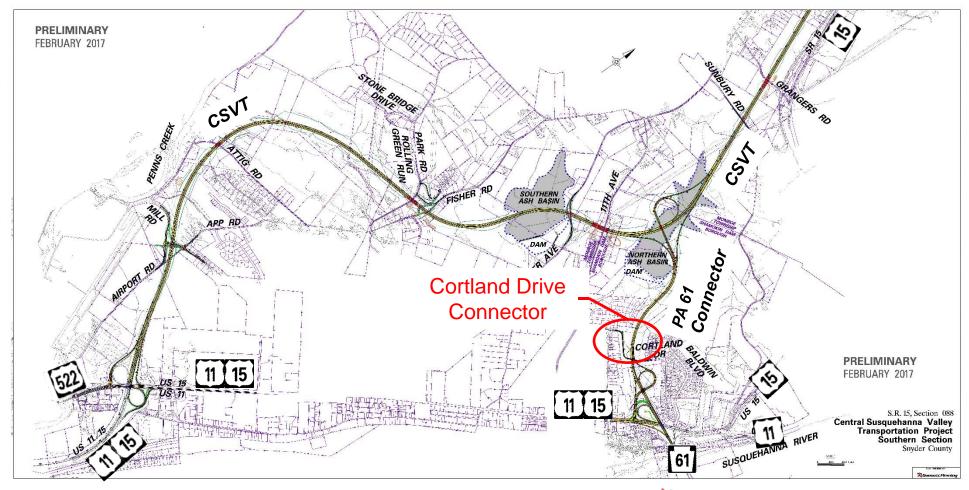


















STATION #3

MINOR DESIGN CHANGES Cortland Drive Connector – 2 options being considered **CURRENT ALIGNMENT** (APPROVED IN FEIS) CURRENT ALIGNMENT PA 61 CONNECTOR ALTERNATE ALIGNMENT REQUESTED BY SHAMOKIN DAM **Displacements PRELIMINARY** FEBRUARY 2017 Central Susquehanna Valley Transportation Project Southern Section Snyder County



ENGINEERING CHALLENGES

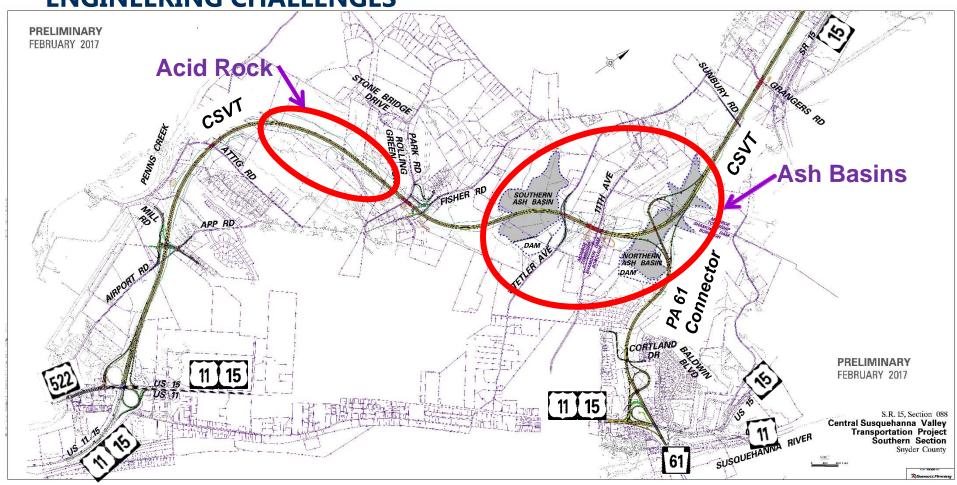
- Two unexpected geotechnical conditions were encountered.
 - **1. Acid Bearing Rock** Requires special attention but straightforward
 - 2. Properties of Fly Ash Waste Basins more complex







ENGINEERING CHALLENGES





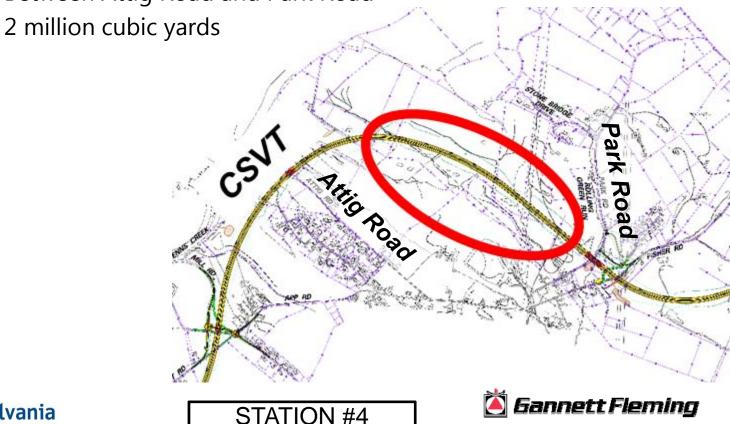




ACID ROCK

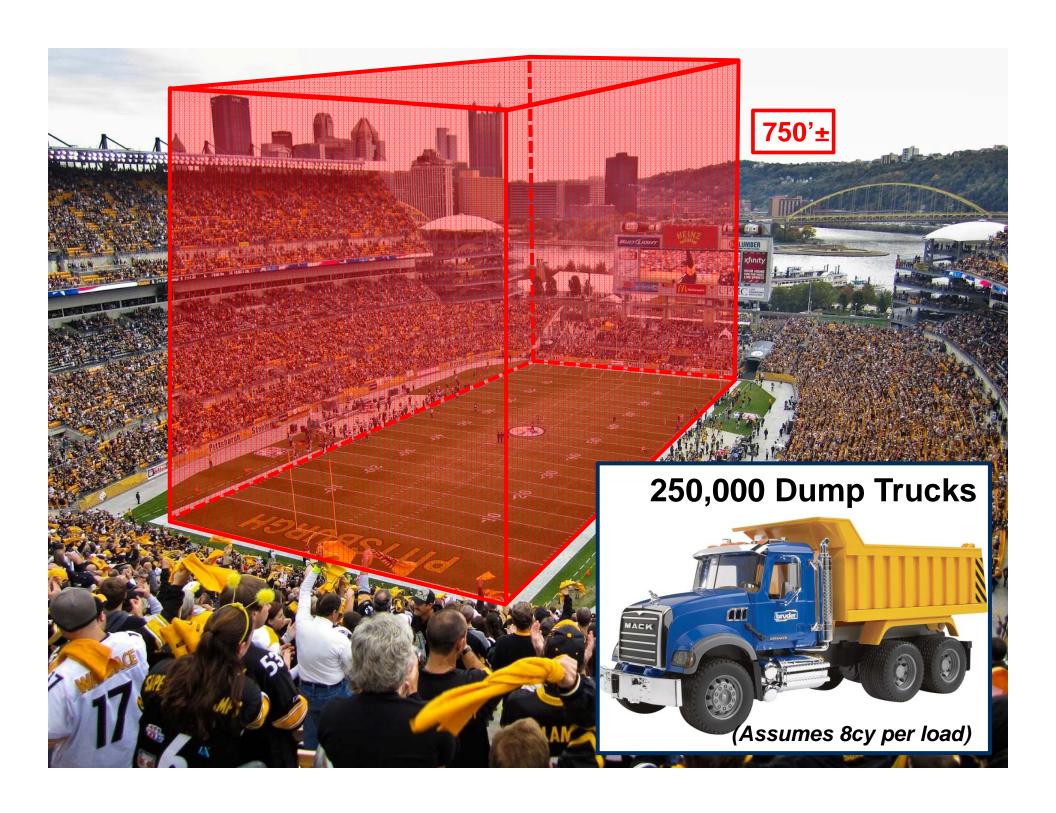
> Acid bearing rock unexpectedly found by soil boring program

Between Attig Road and Park Road





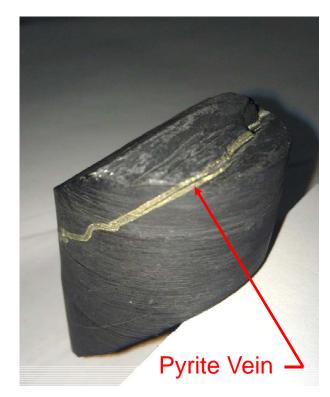






WHAT IS ACID BEARING ROCK?

- Rock containing iron sulfide such as pyrite.
- Produces acid at a quick rate when...
 - excavated into smaller pieces
 - smaller pieces exposed to air and water
- ➤ Why important?
 - If untreated, may result in issues similar to acid mine drainage



Pyrite Sample







HOW DO WE ADDRESS POTENTIALLY ACIDIC ROCK?



- Awareness is key
- Coordinate with PADEP
- Minimize amount of acid bearing rock to be excavated
- Divert & treat stormwater runoff from exposed rock slopes
- Mix excavated rock with lime and encapsulate (to prevent contact with air and water)

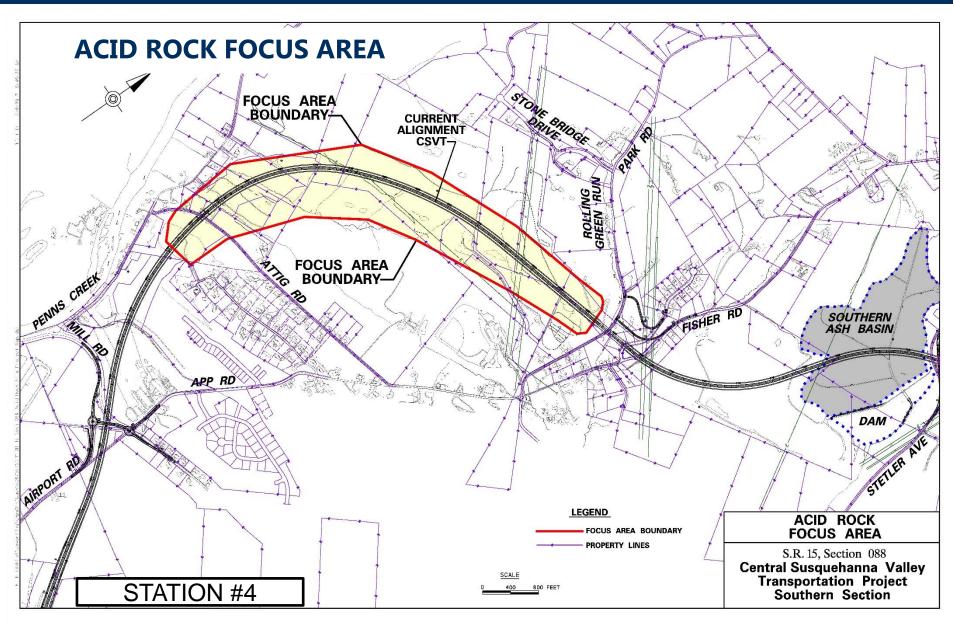
STATION #4





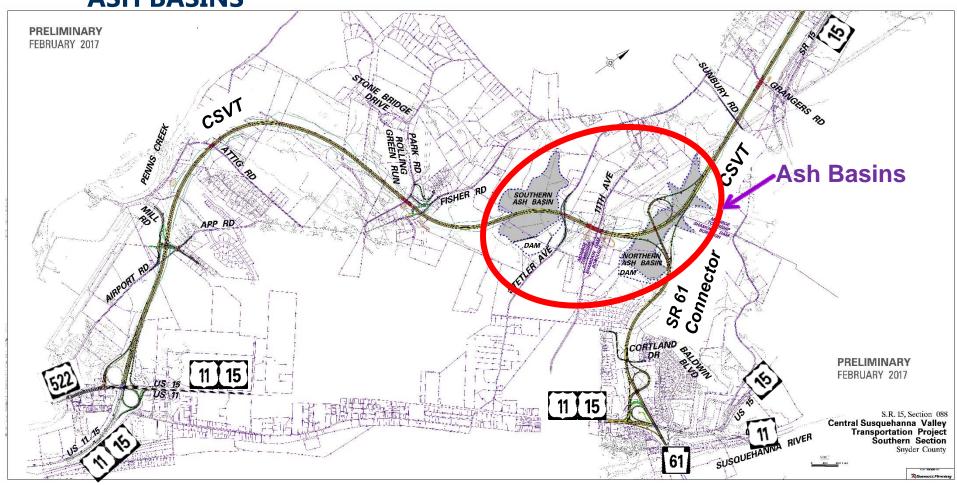


Susquehanna Valley CSVT SOUTHERN SECTION





ASH BASINS









ASH BASINS



Northern Basin in use

Example of ash being pumped into a basin







SOUTHERN ASH BASIN



- ➤ Built in 1955
- Raised crest in 1964, and between 1984-1986
- > Closed in the late 1990s
- ➤ Dam Height 136′
- ➤ Area 66 Acres





STATION #5





NORTHERN ASH BASIN

- ➤ Built in 1970
- > Raised crest 1981-1982
- > Closed in the late 1980s
- ➤ Dam Height 117′
- > Area 61 Acres











WHY CURRENT ALIGNMENTS CROSS THE ASH BASINS

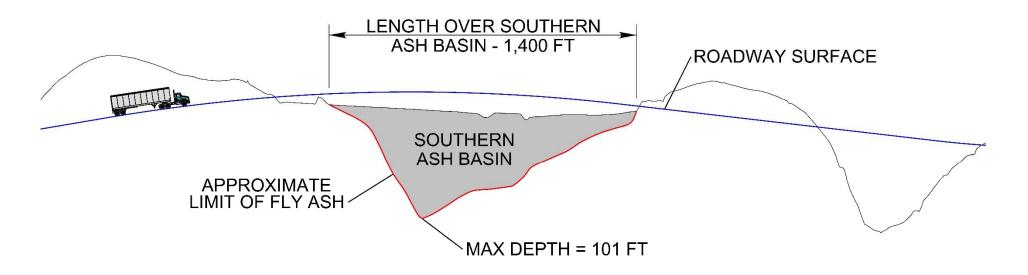
- ➤ General sentiment during preliminary design place the roadway on land not suitable for any other use.
- Expected conditions to improve lower water level







CSVT PROFILE THROUGH SOUTHERN ASH BASIN



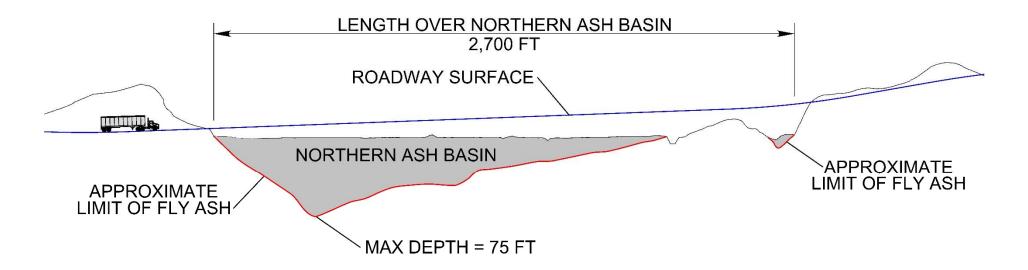
Note: Drawing is not to scale.







CSVT PROFILE THROUGH NORTHERN ASH BASIN



Note: Drawing is not to scale.

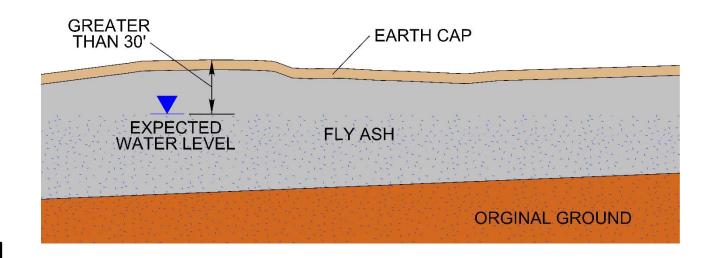






EXPECTED CONDITIONS

- ➤ Water level > 30 feet below surface
- Increasing ash strength with depth
- > Stable for highway construction



STATION #5

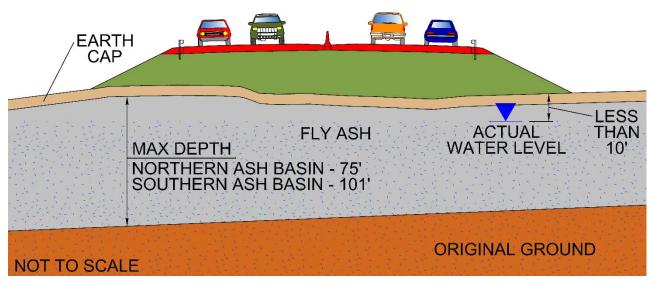






ACTUAL CONDITIONS

- Saturated ash within 10 feet of surface
- Consistency similar to toothpaste or a milkshake
- Very little strength
- > Little gain in strength over depth



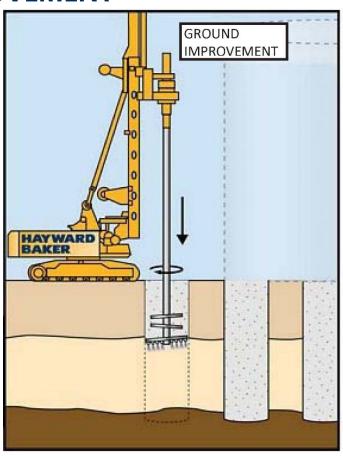


STATION #5



CONSIDERED SOLUTION – GROUND IMPROVEMENT

- Inject cement slurry into ash basin to make columns which support highway
- > Issues
 - Risk of highway embankment settlement
 - Risk of groundwater contamination
 - Cannot verify condition of mixed columns under 100 feet of ash
 - PennDOT (public) liability for ash basins and dams
 - Additional \$70 million
 - Time delay









CONSIDERED SOLUTION – REMOVAL OF ASH FROM BASINS

- > Remove all 7.5 million cubic yards of ash
- > Issues
 - Risks spreading contaminants during excavation and transport
 - Cost prohibitive; well over an additional \$500 million
 - Would set CSVT schedule back several years









CONSIDERED SOLUTION – REMOVAL OF ASH UNDER CSVT



- Excavate ash beneath CSVT (2 million cubic yards)
- > Issues
 - Same challenges as previous approach plus....
 - Large bracing systems needed (100' height!)
 - Need to pass water from one side of the bracing system to the other
 - Over an additional \$250 million

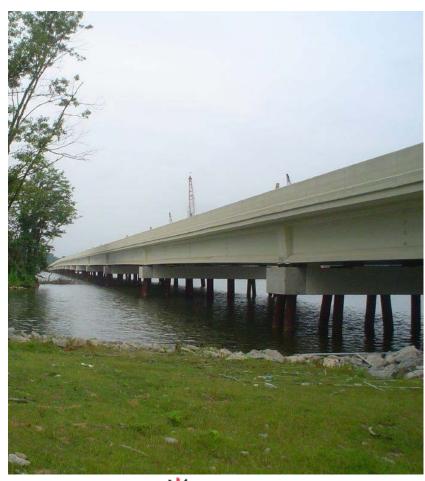






CONSIDERED SOLUTION – BRIDGING BASIN

- Construct low bridge over ash basins
- > Issues
 - Ash basin cannot withstand large cranes necessary for bridge construction.
 - Pile driving could fracture rock below risking contamination of aquifer.
 - Additional \$160 million initial cost plus ground improvement









CONSIDERED SOLUTION – FLOATING BRIDGE

- "Out-of-the-box idea"
- Construct pontoons that "float" on ash
- > Issues
 - Pontoons would gradually settle with no way to raise them.
 - Risk of failure during seismic event
 - Additional \$450 million









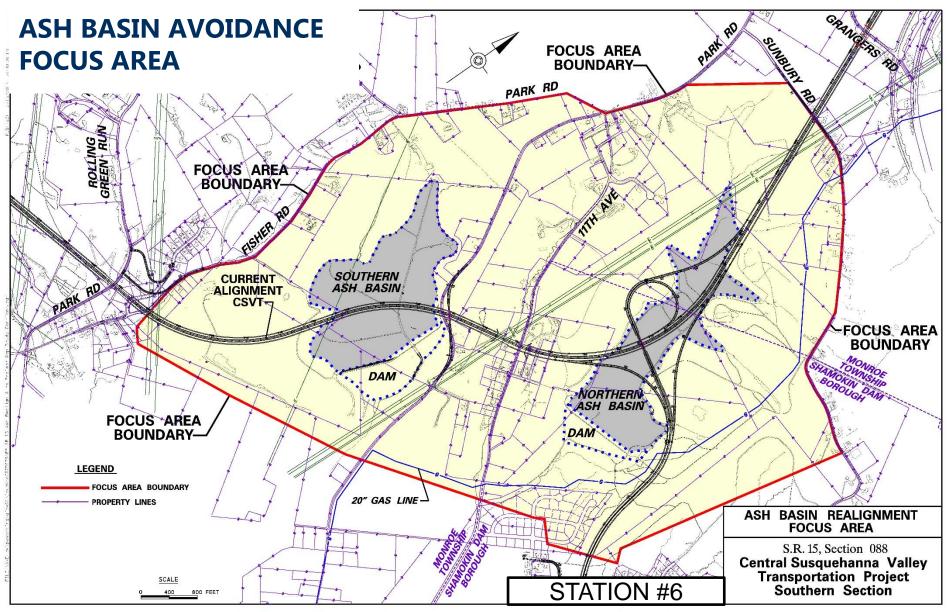
REASONS FOR AVOIDING ASH BASINS

- Saturated ash cannot support weight of highway
- Risk of highway settling and deforming
- Risk of groundwater contamination during/after construction from the unlined basins
- Recent issues with other basins nationwide; increased scrutiny from environmental agencies
 - U.S. EPA new regulations
 - PA DEP strongly recommends CSVT avoid the ash basins
- Perpetual public liability for basins and their high-hazard dams
 - High-hazard classification based on damage which would occur if the dams failed; not based on current condition of dams.











PROJECT TEAM GOALS

- ➤ Constructing safe highway that meets current standards and meets needs of project. (Example PA 61 Connector to divert traffic from existing road network)
- ➤ Minimizing/balancing impacts to...
 - Area residents
 - Communities / municipalities
 - Farmlands
 - Businesses
 - Natural environment
 - Cultural resources
 - Utilities
- Making use of right-of-way already acquired

















- ➤ Public Meeting #1 Tonight
 - Present design changes, engineering challenges and next steps
 - Request feedback
 - Open House
 - 1 on 1 discussion
 - Receive feedback on problem and considerations for potential solutions within focus area (face to face and questionnaire)







- ➤ Public Meeting #2 Spring 2017
 - Present alternatives developed from Public Meeting #1 feedback
 - Request feedback









- Detailed studies Summer 2017
 - Perform engineering and environmental studies
 - Coordinate with:
 - FHWA
 - Environmental agencies
 - Local officials
 - Utilities
 - Impacted land owners
 - Other stakeholders







- ➤ Public Meeting #3 Fall 2017
 - Present results of detailed studies
 - Present preferred alternative
 - Collect feedback
- Move forward with environmental clearance, design, right-of-way acquisition, utility relocations and permitting







PROJECT SCHEDULE

- ➤ Goal is that ash basin avoidance issue can be resolved by Fall 2017.
- After working through engineering challenges, proceed in most efficient manner to complete design.









PROJECT COST

Not expected to rise significantly when roadway is moved.









HOW DO I GET INFORMATION?

- Attend Public Meetings
- Visit Project Web Site csvt.com
- Contact PennDOT District 3-0 Matthew Beck, P.E., Assistant Plans Engineer <u>matbeck@pa.gov</u> 570-368-4256

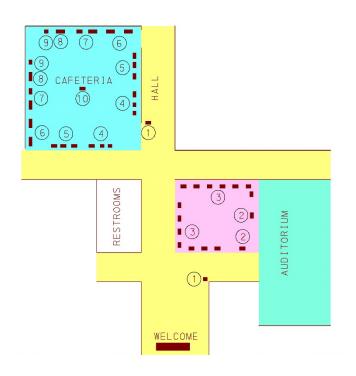








OPEN HOUSE LAYOUT



STATION (1) - INFORMATION & DISPLAY LAYOUT

DISPLAY LAYOUT

STATION (2) - CSVT NORTHERN SECTION

CSVT NORTHERN SECTION PLAN WITH CONSTRUCTION PHOTOS

STATION (3)- MINOR DESIGN CHANGES

US ROUTE 522 AND US ROUTES 11/15 CORRIDOR MILL/APP/AIRPORT ROADS ROUNDABOUTS

BENEFITS OF ROUNDABOUTS

PARK ROAD AND FISHER ROAD CROSSING

PA ROUTE 61 AND US ROUTES 11/15 INTERCHANGE

CORTLAND DRIVE CONNECTOR

US ROUTES 11/15 SPLIT

STATION (4)- ACID BEARING ROCK

WHAT IS ACID ROCK?

ACID ROCK TREATMENTS

ACID ROCK FOCUS AREA

STATION (5)- ASH BASINS

ASH BASIN HISTORY

ASH BASINS: EXPECTED VS. ACTUAL CONDITIONS

WHY CSVT CANNOT BE CONSTRUCTED ON ASH BASINS

STATION 6 - ASH BASIN FOCUS AREA

ASH BASIN FOCUS AREA

STATION (7)- ENVIRONMENTAL TOPICS

FARMLANDS

NOISE ABATEMENT PROCESS

STATION (8)- RIGHT-OF-WAY

CSVT RIGHT-OF-WAY

STATION (9)- ANTICIPATED NEXT STEPS

ANTICIPATED NEXT STEPS

STATION 10 - QUESTIONNAIRE





OPEN DISCUSSION & GENERAL QUESTIONS (Specific/personal questions will be better served at the open house.)







THANK YOU!!

We Really Appreciate Your Time and Input!!





